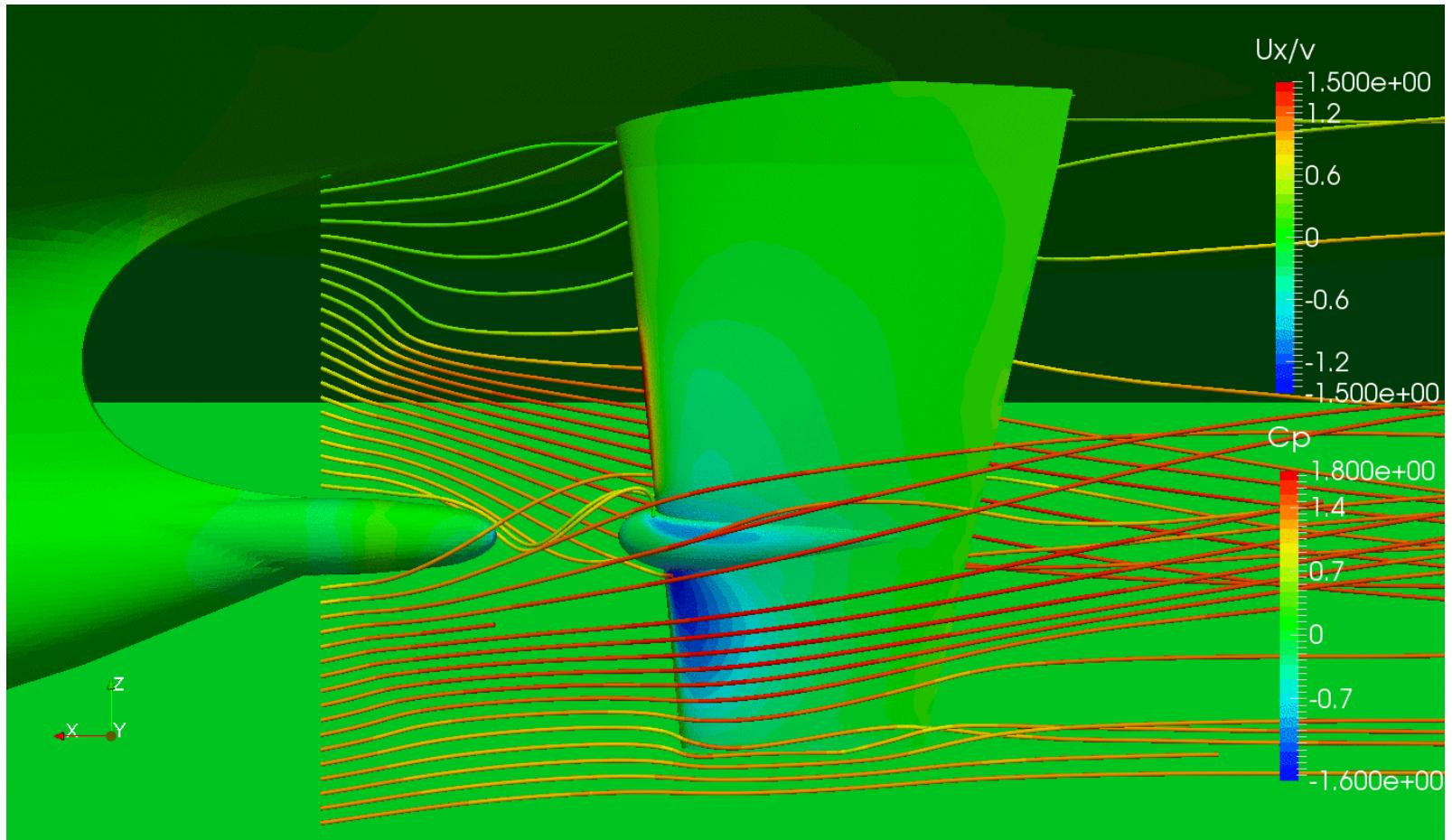


OPTIMIZATION OF TWISTED RUDDER

DNV·GL



Rostock, Germany

February 2, 2016

- EEDI: 30% more efficient ships by 2025
- Twisted rudders with bulb gain up to 4%
- Developed after construction is started
- RANS-BEM reduces computational time
- Inhouse software

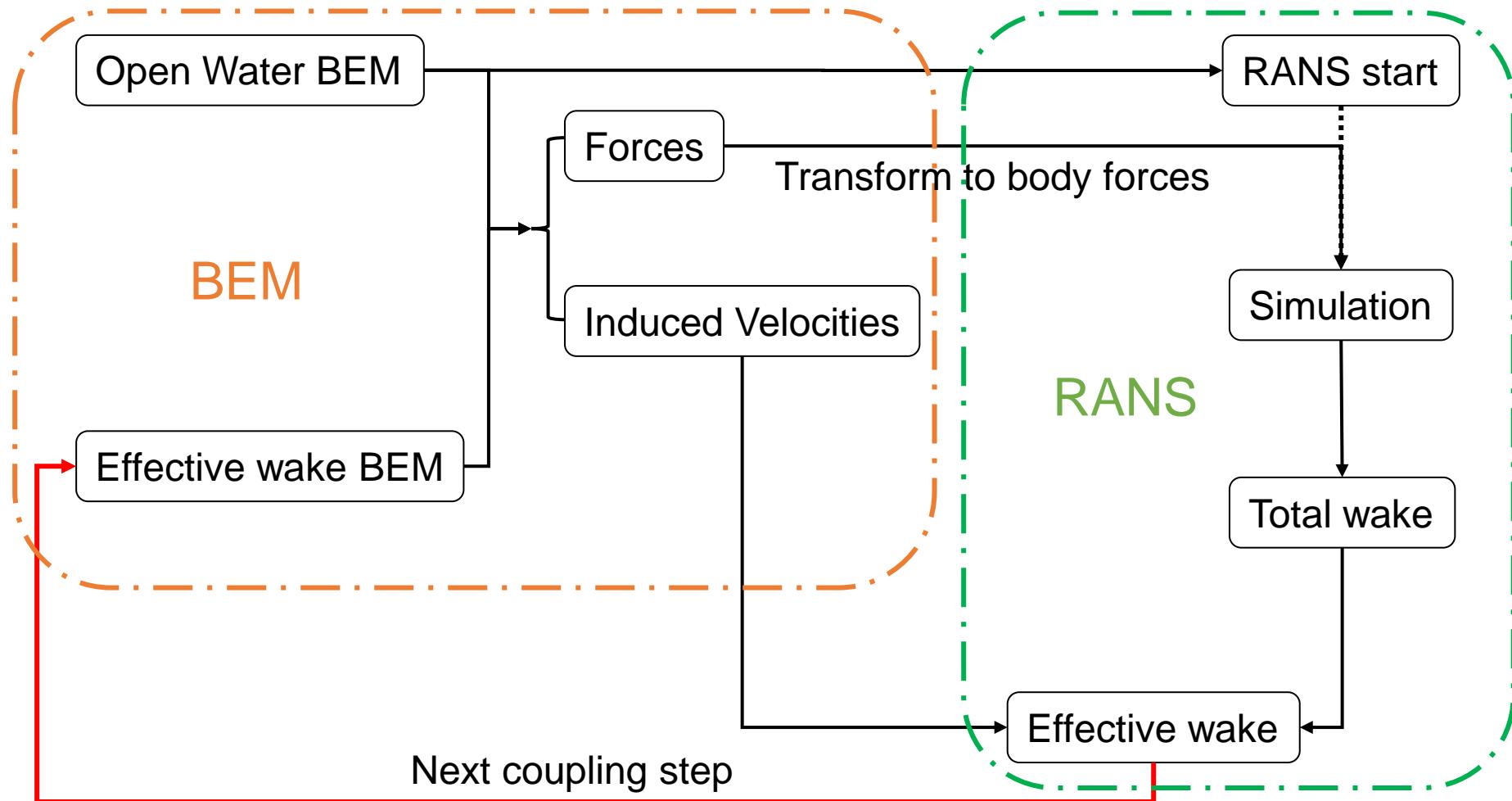


Outline of the presentation

- Coupled RANS-BEM method
- Parametric Model
- Meshing Procedure
- Optimization Overview
- Optimization Results
- Conclusion

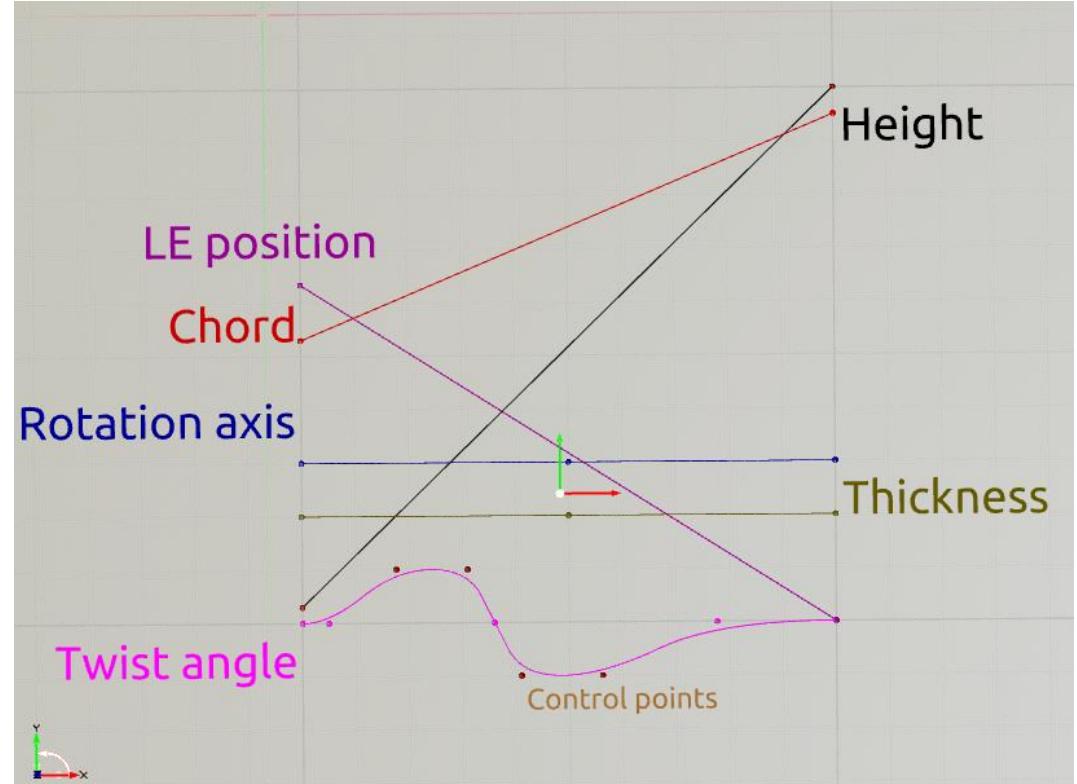
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Coupled RANS-BEM Method



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- Few parameters
- Flexible
- Lot of possibilities



Parameters:

Video

- Twist angle
- Twist Axis



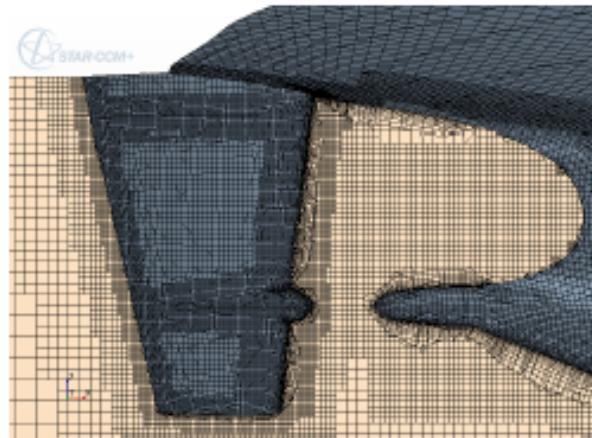
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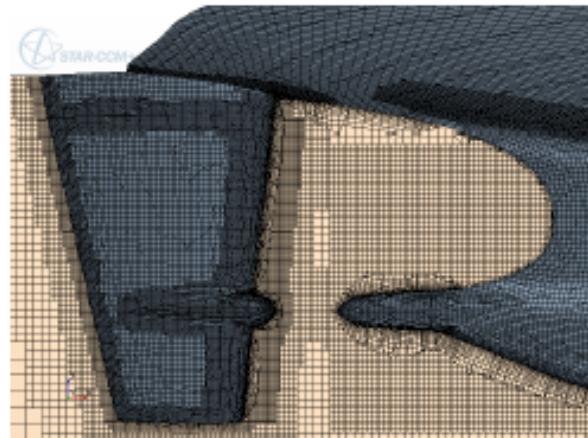
- Mesh geometry Surface
- Extrude prism layers
- Intersect subsurface with background mesh
- Refinement splitting cells uniformly in all directions
- Divide reference length by *RefCells*
- Quality statistics



Meshing Procedure



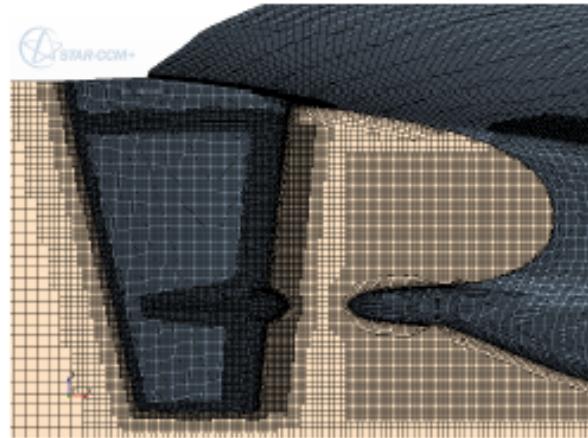
a) Coarse 12



b) Fine 16n

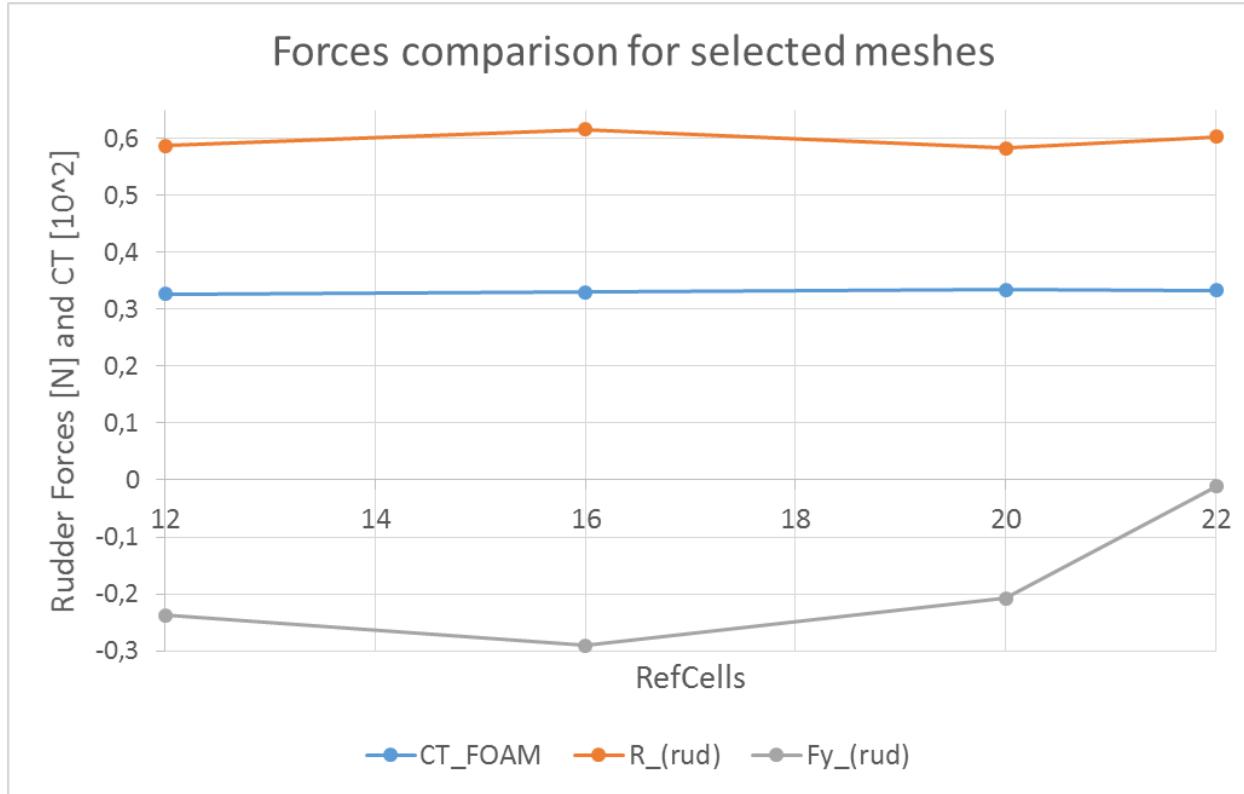


c) Fine 20



d) Fine 22

Mesh Convergence

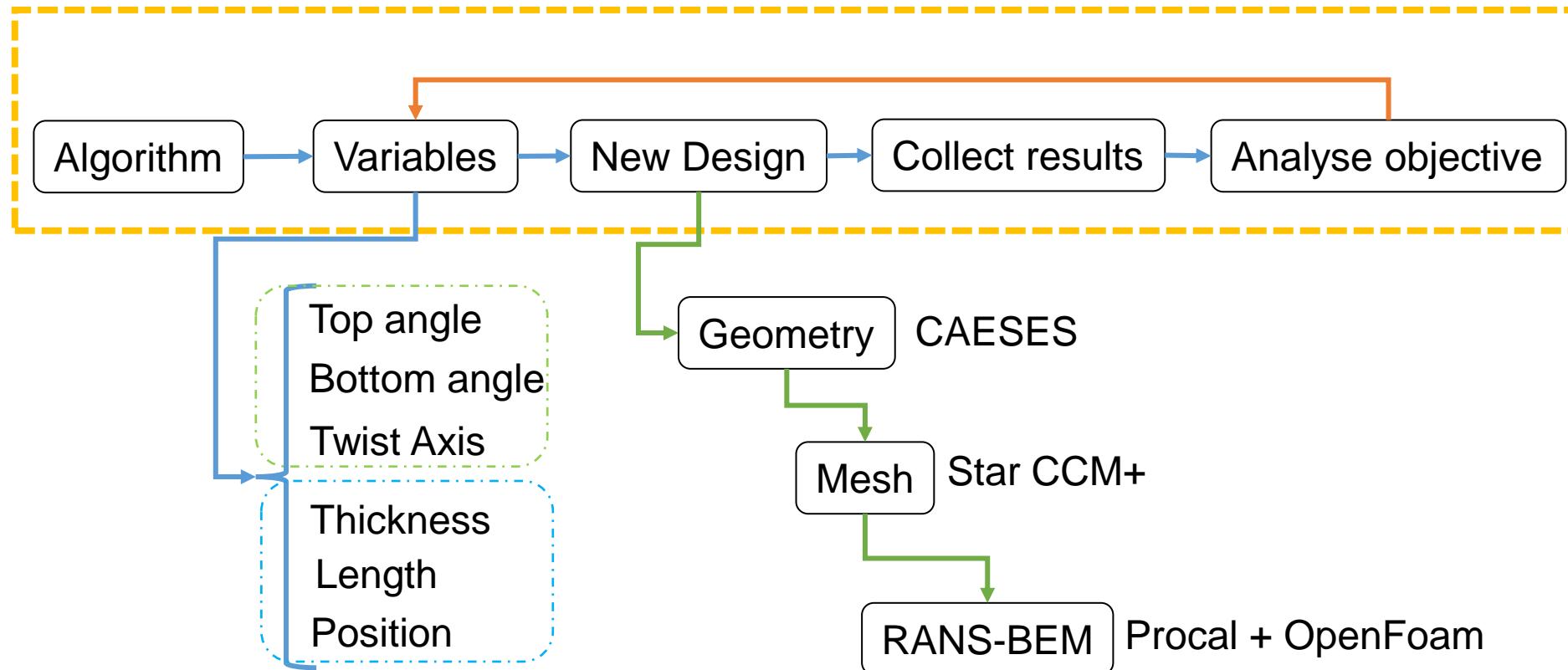


- CT_FOAM: resistance coefficient from OpenFoam
- R_(rud): rudder resistance
- Fy_(rud): rudder lateral force

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Optimization Flow

FS-optimizer



Sobol

- Uniform sampling of the design space
- Quasi-random sequence
- Deterministic algorithm

NSGA II

- Stochastic population-based
- Natural evolution: fittest individuals over generations
- Genetic operations: crossover and mutation



Objective definition

Propulsive efficiency

$$\eta_D = \frac{P_E}{P_D} = \frac{(R_T - F)}{2\pi Q} \quad \text{Effective power}$$

Delivered power

Efficiency comparison

Non-twisted rudder P_{D0}

v_s : model speed

R_T : measured resistance

F_D : friction deduction

Q: propeller torque

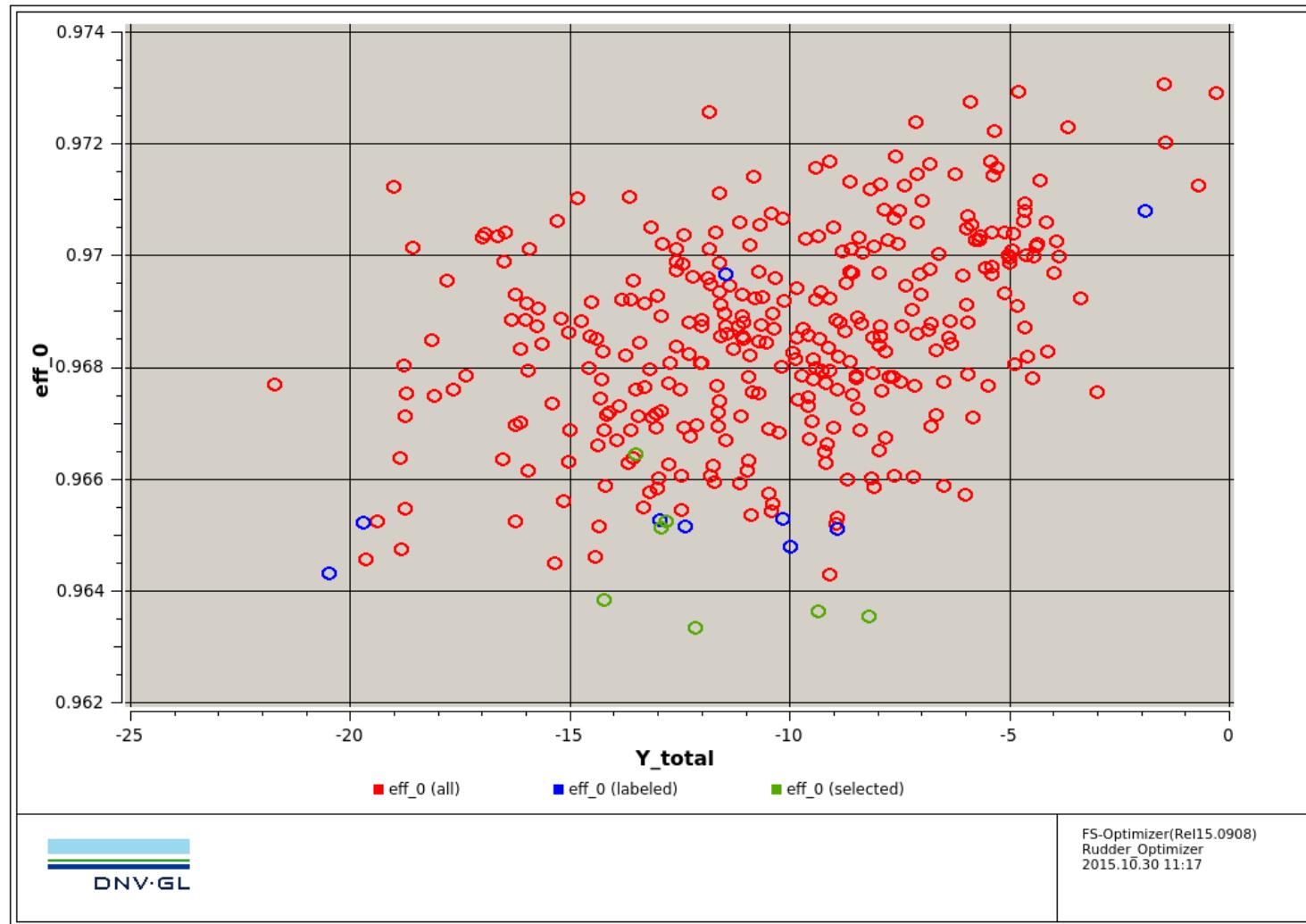
n: propeller rotational rate

$$Y_{total} = Y_{Top} - Y_{Bottom};$$

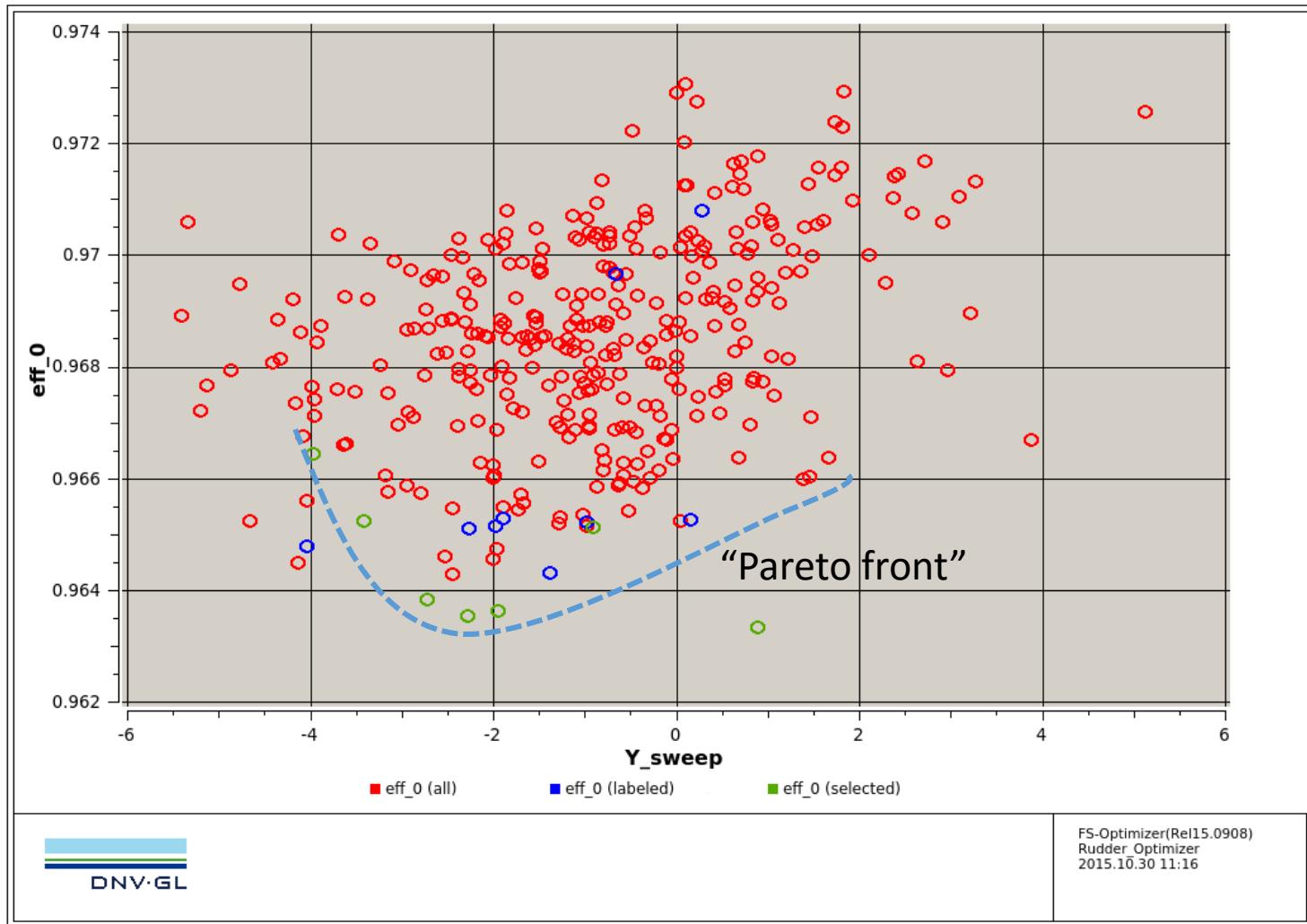
$$Y_{sweep} = \frac{Y_{Top} + Y_{Bottom}}{2}$$

Twist monitor

DOE-Design of Experiments



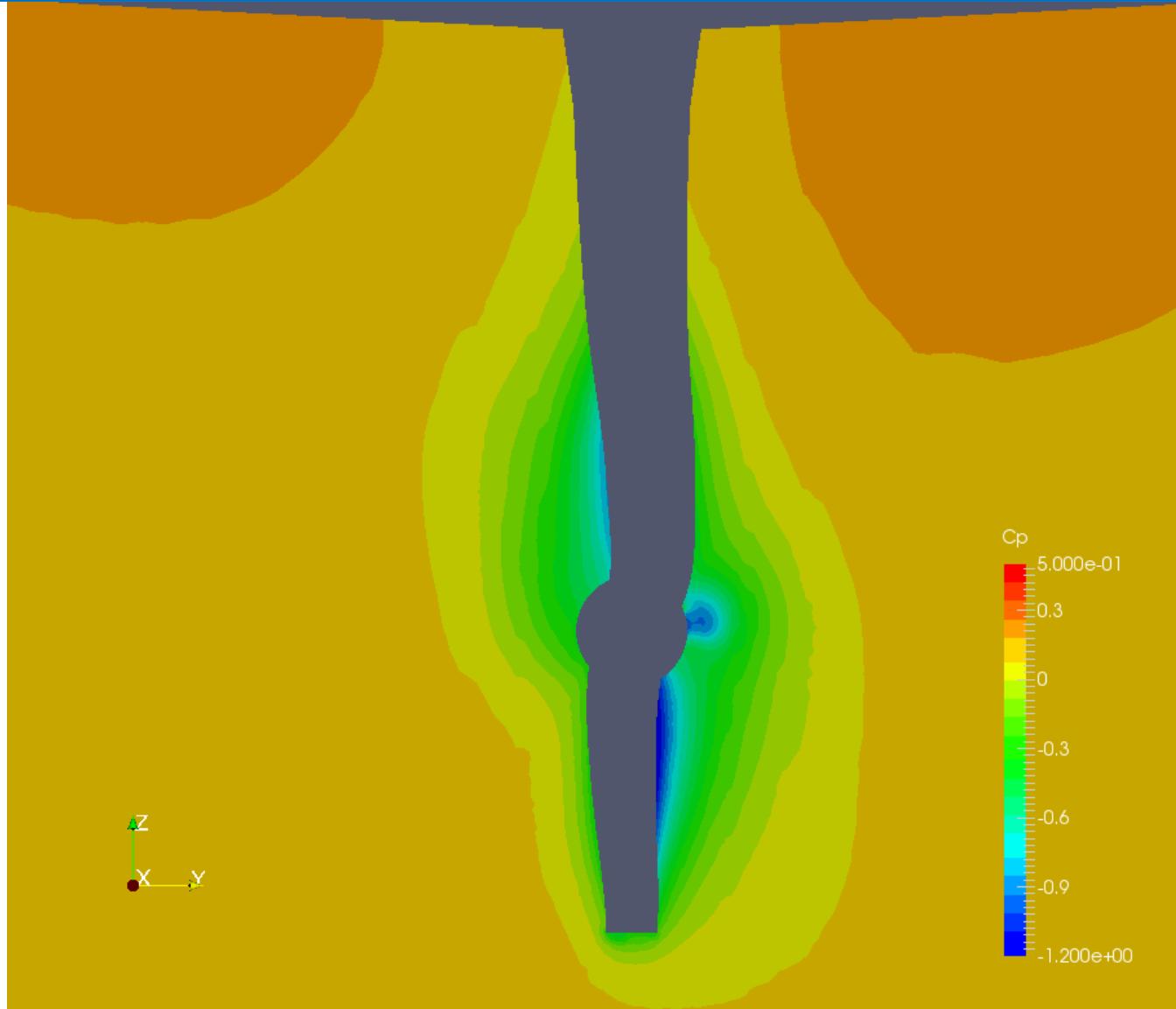
DOE-Design of Experiments



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Twisted Rudder results

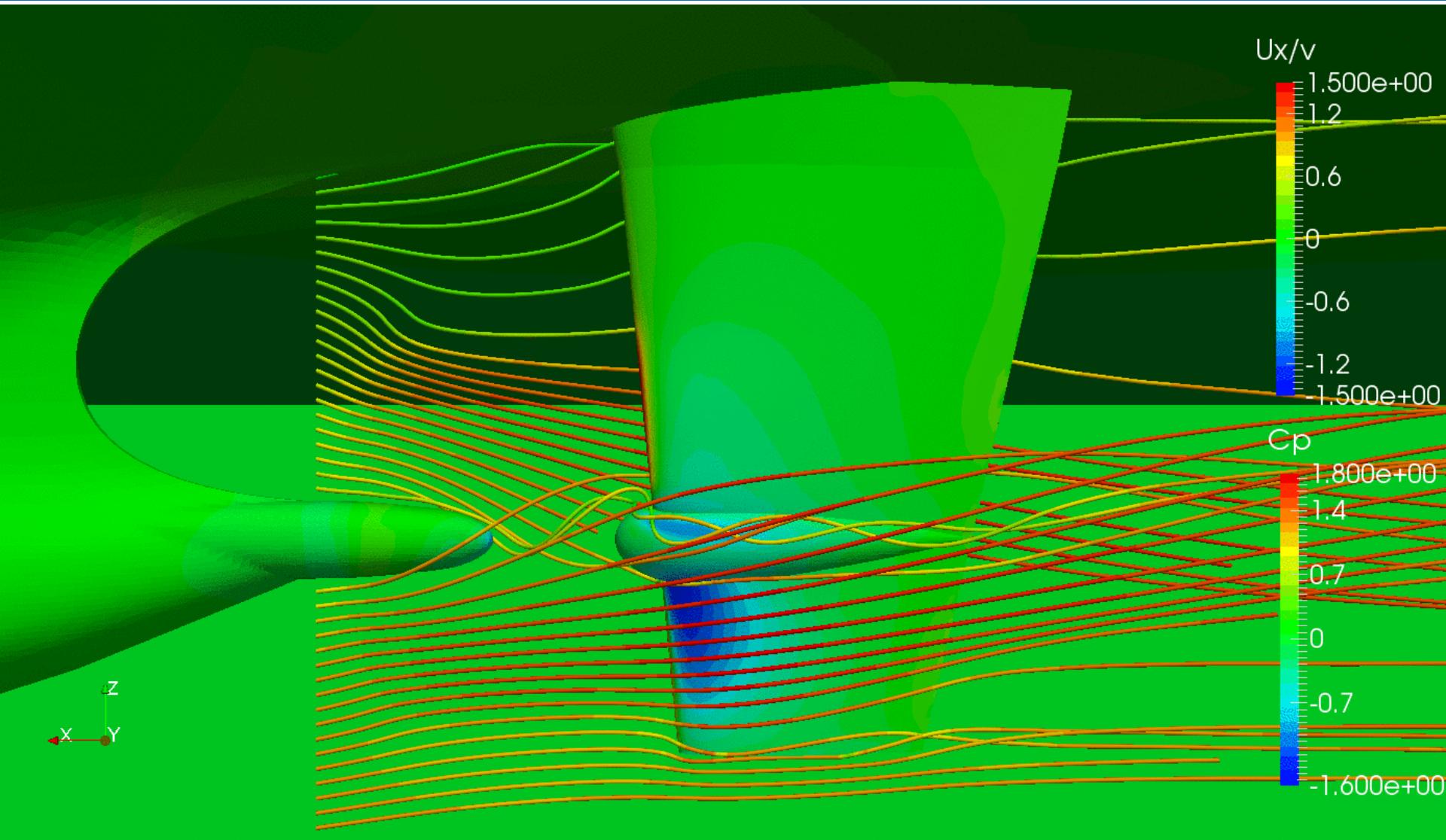
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Bulb results

.gif

DNV·GL



Best Twisted Rudder and Bulb

Non-twisted rudder $\eta_D=0.8044$

N-356

$$\eta_D = 0.8336$$

η_D increased 2.93%

$$Eff_0 = 4.3\%$$

N-200

$$\eta_D = 0.8337$$

η_D increased 2.92%

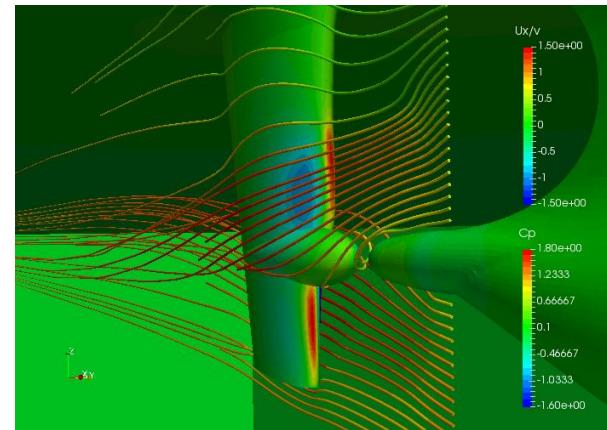
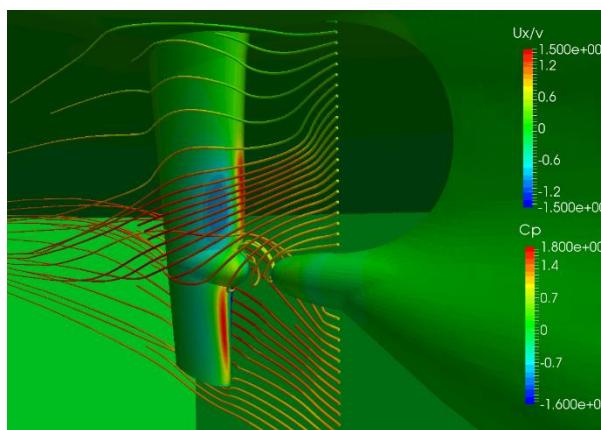
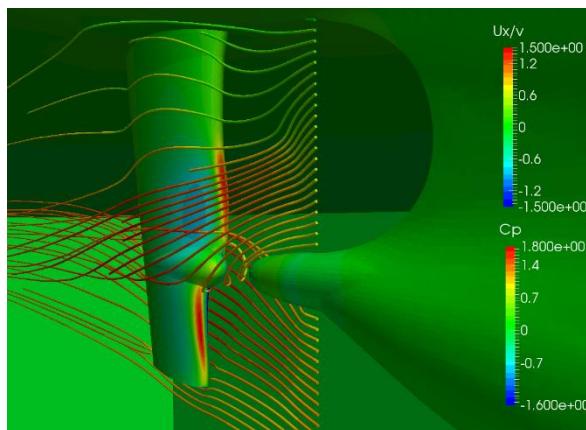
$$Eff_0 = 4.33\%$$

B-076

$$\eta_D = 0.8348$$

η_D increased 3.04%

$$Eff_0 = 4.55\%$$



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- Appropriate selection of:
 - Mesh
 - Algorithm
 - Variables
 - Objective
- RANS-BEM computational time < fully RANS
- Reduction in delivered power of 4.55%

